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**Information security — Secure
multiparty computation —**

Part 1:
General



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Foreword

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Introduction

Secure multiparty computation (MPC) is a cryptographic technique that enables the output of a function to be computed while keeping the individual inputs, provided by a range of parties, secret. It is a valuable tool to improve privacy in situations where computations are outsourced, or where different distrusting stakeholders are required to cooperate, and no trusted party is available to execute the computation on behalf of the input providers.

Secure multiparty computation is a decentralized protocol which emulates the functionality of a trusted third party, taking the private inputs of individual players, computing an agreed function, and disseminating the correct output privately to relevant parties.

Secure multiparty computation is useful in situations where mutually distrusting entities want to collaborate on data processing tasks, which can arise in the Internet of Things and other distributed application domains. Possible application domains include secure auctions, privacy-preserving data analytics, and distributed digital wallets.

[Annex A](#) provides possible use cases for secure multiparty computation.

Information security — Secure multiparty computation —

Part 1: General

1 Scope

This document specifies definitions, terminology and processes for secure multiparty computation and related technology, in order to establish a taxonomy and enable interoperability. In particular, this document defines the processes involved in cryptographic mechanisms which compute a function on data while the data are kept private; the participating parties; and the cryptographic properties.

The terminology contained in this document is common to the ISO/IEC 4922 series.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.